Guidelines for Conducting Business:
Any scenario in which many people gather together poses a risk for COVID-19 transmission. All businesses and organizations where groups of people gather in an enclosed space should create and implement a plan to minimize the opportunity for COVID-19 transmission at their facility. The general guidance below will help businesses and organizations reduce the spread of COVID-19 in their communities. Additionally, we strongly encourage all employers to direct employees to vaccination information at Find Your Spot, Take Your Shot and encourage them to get vaccinated. For guidance on vaccinations, please refer to our Interim Guidance for Individuals Who Have Been Vaccinated Against COVID-19.

This guidance covers the following topics:
- Vaccination
- Social Distancing and Minimizing Exposure
- Cloth Face Coverings
- Cleaning and Hygiene
- Monitoring for Symptoms
- Combatting Misinformation
- Water and Ventilation Systems
- Additional Resources

Vaccination
We strongly recommend all employers to direct employees and customers to information Find Your Spot, Take Your Shot and encourage them to get vaccinated. For guidance on vaccinations, please refer to our Interim Guidance for Individuals Who Have Been Vaccinated Against COVID-19 and Recommendations for Protecting Each Other.

It is strongly recommended that businesses:

- Require employees to report vaccination status.
- Require employees who are unvaccinated, or do not disclose vaccine status, participate in screening/testing programs.
Social Distancing and Minimizing Exposure

Social distancing is a tool we have to decrease the spread of COVID-19. Social distancing ("physical distancing") means keeping space between yourself and other people outside of your home. People who are not fully vaccinated should stay at least 6 feet (about 2 arms’ length) from other people; should not gather in groups; and should stay out of crowded places and avoid mass gatherings.

It is recommended that businesses and organizations:

- Move desks and workstations at least six (6) feet apart.
- Mark six (6) feet of spacing on the floor in higher traffic areas, such as reception areas.
- Consider closing off areas where people are more likely to gather, like breakrooms.
- Clearly mark designated entry and exit points; if a building has only one entry/exit point, try to stagger entry and exit times if possible.
- Develop and use systems that allow for online, email, or telephone transactions.
- Provide or encourage staff to bring their own water or individual meals, to reduce possible exposure.

Cloth Face Coverings

There is evidence that wearing a face covering can help reduce the spread of COVID-19, especially because people may be infected with the virus and not know it.

Businesses and organizations are strongly recommended to:

- Have all employees and guests who are not fully vaccinated wear a face covering when they are indoors and maintain physical distance from others, unless the individual states that an exception applies.

It is recommended that businesses and organizations:

- Encourage all vaccinated employees and guests wear face coverings when they are indoors and less than 6ft away from others, if they are in county of high or substantial levels of transmission as defined by the CDC.
- Post signage saying all employees and guests should wear a face covering if they are in county of high or substantial levels of transmission as defined by the CDC. English: Option 1 | Option 2, Spanish: Option 1 | Option 2
- Provide disposable face coverings to customers to wear while in the establishment.
- Visit NC DHHS COVID-19 response site for more information about the face covering guidance and access sign templates that are available in English and Spanish.

Cleaning and Hygiene

Washing hands with soap for 20 seconds or using hand sanitizer reduces the spread of transmission.

It is recommended that businesses and organizations:

- Promote frequent use of hand washing and hand sanitizer for staff and individuals. Require handwashing of staff immediately upon reporting to work, after contact with individuals, after performing cleaning and disinfecting activities, and frequently throughout the day.
- Clean surfaces once a day, prioritizing high-touch surfaces. If there has been a sick person or someone who tested positive for COVID-19 within the last 24 hours, clean and disinfect the space using an EPA-approved disinfectant for SARS-CoV-2 (the virus that causes COVID-19).
Provide, whenever available, hand sanitizer (with at least 60% alcohol) at the entrance and other areas. Systematically and frequently check and refill hand sanitizers and assure soap and hand drying materials are available at all sinks.

Provide tissues for proper cough and sneeze hygiene.

Increase circulation of outdoor air as much as possible by opening windows and doors, using fans, or other methods. Do not open windows and doors if they pose a safety risk.

**Monitoring for Symptoms**

Staff should be encouraged to self-monitor for symptoms such as fever, cough, or shortness of breath. If they develop symptoms, they should not come to work or if they are at work when symptoms develop, they should notify their supervisor and return home. More information on how to monitor for symptoms is available from the CDC.

It is recommended that businesses and organizations:

- Educate employees on how to self-monitor for symptoms of COVID-19.
- Employees who have symptoms when they arrive at work or become sick during the day should immediately be separated from other employees, customers, and visitors and sent home.
- Post signage at the main entrance requesting that people who have been symptomatic with fever and/or cough not enter, such as Know Your Ws/Stop if You Have Symptoms flyers (English - Color, Black & White; Spanish - Color, Black & White).
- Have a plan in place for immediately removing employee from work if symptoms develop.
- Establish and enforce sick leave policies to prevent the spread of disease, including:
  - Enforcing employees staying home if sick.
  - Encouraging liberal use of sick leave policy.
  - Expanding paid leave policies to allow employees to stay home when sick.
- **Per CDC guidelines**, if an employee has been diagnosed with COVID-19 or is presumed positive by a medical professional due to symptoms, the employee should be excluded from work until:
  - No fever for at least 24 hours since recovery (without the use of fever-reducing medicine) AND
  - Other symptoms have improved (e.g., coughing, shortness of breath) AND
  - At least 10 days have passed since first symptoms

  *A test-based strategy is no longer recommended to discontinue isolation or precautions and employers should not require documentation of a negative test before allowing a worker to return.*

- **Per CDC guidelines**, if an employee has been diagnosed with COVID-19 but does not have symptoms, they should remain out of work until 10 days have passed since the date of their first positive COVID-19 diagnostic test, assuming they have not subsequently developed symptoms since their positive test.
- Require symptomatic employees to wear masks until leaving the office. Cleaning and disinfecting procedure should be implemented by designated personnel following CDC guidelines once sick employee leaves.
- Provide employees with information on help lines to access information or other support in reference to COVID-19, e.g. 211 and Hope4NC Helpline (1-855-587-3463).
Businesses and organizations can consider:

- Conducting daily symptom screening (use this standard interview questionnaire) ([English](English) | [Spanish](Spanish)) of employees at entrance to workplace with immediately sending symptomatic workers home to isolate.

**Combatting Misinformation**

Help make sure that the information your employees is getting is coming directly from reliable resources. Use resources from a trusted source like the CDC or NCDHHS to promote behaviors that prevent the spread of COVID-19.

**It is recommended that businesses and organizations:**

- Provide workers with education about COVID-19 strategies, using methods like videos, webinars, or FAQs. Some reliable sources include NC DHHS COVID-19, Know Your W’s: Wear, Wait, Wash, NC DHHS COVID-19 Latest Updates, NC DHHS COVID-19 Materials & Resources
- Promote informational helplines like 211 and Hope4NC and other Wellness Resources.
- Put up signs and posters, such as those found Know Your W’s: Wear, Wait, Wash and those found Social Media Toolkit for COVID-19.

**Water and Ventilation Systems**

Reduced use of water and ventilation systems can pose their own health hazards. There is increased risk for Legionella and other waterborne pathogens from stagnant or standing water.

**Before reopening, it is recommended that businesses and organizations:**

- Follow the CDC’s Guidance for Reopening Buildings After Prolonged Shutdown or Reduced Operation to minimize the risk of diseases associated with water.
- Ensure ventilation systems operate properly and increase circulation of outdoor air as much as possible by opening windows and doors, using fans, or other methods. Do not open windows and doors if they pose a safety or health risk to people using the facility.

**Additional Resources**

- NC DHHS: [North Carolina COVID-19](https://www.nc.gov/covid19)
- CDC: Interim Guidance for Businesses and Employers
- CDC: Cleaning and Disinfecting Your Facility
- CDC: Reopening Guidance
- EPA: Disinfectants for Use Against SARS-CoV-2
- FDA: [Food Safety and the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)](https://www.fda.gov)
- HHS/OSHA: Guidance on Preparing Workplaces for COVID-19
- DHS: [Guidance on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce](https://www.dhs.gov)

Staying apart brings us together.
Protect your family and neighbors.

#StayStrongNC
Learn more at nc.gov/covid19.